



1. Identification of the material and supplier

Names

Product name : Sikagard 550W Elastocolor

Supplier

Supplier/Manufacturer : Sika Australia Pty. Ltd.
55 Elizabeth Street
(Locked Bag 482 BDC)
Wetherill Park, NSW 2164
Australia

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Use of the substance/preparation : Chemical product for construction and industry

2. Hazards identification

Classification : R43
R52/53

Risk phrases : R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety phrases : S24- Avoid contact with skin.
S37- Wear suitable gloves.

Statement of hazardous/dangerous nature : HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture : Yes.

Propylene glycol	57-55-6	1 - <10
octhilinone (ISO)	26530-20-1	0 - <0.1

Other ingredients, determined not to be hazardous according to NOHSC criteria, and not dangerous according to the ADG Code, make up the product concentration to 100%.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First-aid measures

First-aid measures

Inhalation : Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

4 . First-aid measures

- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5 . Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. This material is harmful to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name

Propylene glycol

octhilinone (ISO)

Exposure limits

SWA (Australia, 8/2005).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Particulate

TWA: 474 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Vapor and particulates

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: Vapor and particulates

TRGS900 AGW (Germany, 7/2008). Absorbed through skin.

PEAK: 0.1 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: inhalable fraction

TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: inhalable fraction

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Exposure controls

Engineering measures

- : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures

- : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eyes

- : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Hands

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Respiratory

- : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Skin

- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls

- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9 . Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid. [Emulsion.]
Colour	: Various.
Density	: 1.37 g/cm ³
Flash point	: Closed cup: >93°C (>199.4°F)

10 . Stability and reactivity

Stability	: The product is stable.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Materials to avoid	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11 . Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Intramuscular	Rat	14 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Intramuscular	Rat	20000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Intramuscular	Mouse	11400 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	9718 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	6660 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	8000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	6800 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	6630 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	6500 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	6423 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	22 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	20300 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	18500 mg/kg	-	
	LD50	Rat	28000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	22500 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	17400 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	17370 mg/kg	-	
	LDLo	Rabbit	6300 mg/kg	-	
	LDLo Intramuscular	Rabbit	4200 mg/kg	-	
	LDLo Intravenous	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg	-	
	TDL0	Rat	19500 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	690 mg/kg	-	
	2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	690 mg/kg	-

11 . Toxicological information

LD50 Oral Rat 550 mg/kg -

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.**Potential chronic health effects****Chronic toxicity****Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.**Carcinogenicity****Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.**Mutagenicity****Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.**Teratogenicity****Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.**Reproductive toxicity****Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.**Chronic effects**

: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms**Inhalation**

: No specific data.

Ingestion

: No specific data.

Skin: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness**Eyes**

: No specific data.

Target organs

: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

12 . Ecological information**Environmental effects** : Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.**Aquatic ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	-	Acute EC50 >10000000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - 6 to 24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 34060 to 39339 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 15052 to 17561 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 5122 to 6011 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 4919 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 44 to 47 ml/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout -	96 hours

12 . Ecological information

-	Acute LC50 >62000000 ug/L Fresh water	Oncorhynchus mykiss - 0.8 g Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 55770000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 18340000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 1020000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 710000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 52930000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 13020000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 660000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 600000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Other ecological information

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13 . Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14 . Transport information

ADG

Not regulated.

ADG Class : -

Label No. :

ADR

14 . Transport information

Not regulated.

IMDG

Not regulated.

Marine pollutant : No.

IATA

Not regulated.

15 . Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons

7, 6

Control of Scheduled Carcinogenic Substances

Ingredient name

No listed substance

Schedule

Australia inventory (AICS) : All substances are listed on AICS or NICNAS.

EU Classification : R43
R52/53

16 . Other information

Person who prepared the MSDS : Validated by DeSilva on 02.02.2010.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

Material Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure that you have a current copy. MSDS may be obtained from the following website: www.sika.com.au

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